Overview

Key Learning Area/Subject:	Semester:				Year:
Mathematics	One				2018
Unit of Work Title:	Duration/Timing:				Stage:
My Wardrobe	21 weeks				Early Stage One and Stage One
	15-20% of KLA wee	ekly timetable hours			
Program (highlight one):	Class: Wattle Clas	s			Author:
	Student Name	Chronological	Academic	Initials	Caitlin Millauro
Early Learning		grade and stage	Stage		
Primary (Junior School)		9 8 8			
Secondary (Senior School)					
		LAR			
	-	PET			
	\				

Description:

The 'My Wardrobe' unit offers students a myriad of opportunities to engage with mathematical topics through clothing, furniture and belongings. This unit will give students a chance to communicate and record mathematically using formal and informal language. Students will have the opportunity to explore and engage with various tasks such as classifying, measuring, quantifying and sorting. Students will classify and group clothing based on colour, shape, size and category. They will learn to identify measure and compare length, time, two-dimensional and three-dimensional shapes and area using informal and formal units. Whole number concepts of addition and subtraction and aspects of multiplication like grouping and sharing will also be explored in this unit of work through hands on activities where students are encouraged to manipulate concrete materials.

Teachers and students can personalise learning by taking data and interpreting graphs with the types of clothes students are wearing each day, as well as develop an understanding of weather, seasons and temperature by categorising appropriate clothing or activities. Through 'My Wardrobe' students will develop understanding through inquiry, connecting mathematical concepts and applying problem solving skills and mathematical techniques with various forms of communication. In addition, the use of concrete materials and application of pictorial representations promotes the holistic understanding and fluent approach to mathematics.

Page 2 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

Questions and Activity Bank

Early :	Stage One Outcomes	Content (on old syllabus this is learn to and learn about)	Key Guiding Question	Learning Across Curriculum Codes	Activity Bank (think about ALL abilities)
MAe-1WM	describes mathematical situations using everyday language, actions, materials and informal recordings uses objects, actions,	Use the language of money in everyday contexts, eg coins, notes, cents, dollars Recognise that there are different coins and notes in our monetary system Exchange money for goods in a play situation	Does the student attempt to communicate about clothing and possessions? Does the student	\$€ ₩ ₩	 Counting and sorting items of clothing Categorising clothing Identifying shapes Identifying quantities and portions of clothing Identifying lengths – short/long sleeve Identifying when you whee each outfit
	technology and/or trial and error to explore mathematical problems	language and processes of counting by naming numbers in sequences, initially to and from 20, moving from any starting point • Count forwards to 30 from a given	demonstrate problem solving to complete wardrobe related activites? E.g. fitting clothes in a wardrobe		 Shopping for my wardrobe - Students are encouraged to make lists of items they need fo their wardrobe and take trips to local shopping centres to purchase these items. Decorating my wardrobe - Students are given
MAe-3WM	uses concrete materials and/or pictorial representations to support conclusions	number count backwards from a given number in the range 0 to 20 • Identify the number before and after a	Does the student use concrete materials to communicate reasoning?		 opportunities to decorate the class wardrobe using various 2D/3D shapes. Recycled fashion shop - Students set up stalls to sell used clothes items to their classmates and
MAe-4NA	counts to 30, and orders, reads and represents numbers in the range 0 to 20	given number	Does the student use simple methods to count and represent belongings?	A	staff.
MAe-5NA	combines, separates and compares collections of objects, describes using everyday language, and records using informal methods	Represent practical situations to model addition and sharing Combine two or more groups of objects to model addition Model subtraction by separating and taking away part of a group of objects Use concrete materials or fingers to model and solve simple addition and subtraction problem	Does the student participate in simple addition and subtraction activities?	n/a	
MAe-6NA	groups, shares and counts collections of objects, describes using	Investigate and model equal groups Record grouping and sharing using informal methods	Can the student use a range of strategies and materials to represent and	€.W	

Page 3 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

	everyday language, and		salva saunting grausing	
	records using informal		solve counting, grouping and sharing problems?	
	methods	4	8	
MAe-7NA	describes two equal	share an object by dividing it into two	Does the student	*
	parts as halves	equal parts	represent halves? (fold an	
		recognises that halves are two equal	item of clothing into half,	
		parts • use the term 'half' accurately in everyday	is the person half dressed with only a shirt on?)	
		situations	with only a shirt one)	
MAe-8NA	recognises, describes	Recognise, copy and continue repeating	Does the student	n/a
	and continues repeating	patterns using sounds and/or actions	recognise a variety of	
	patterns	Recognise, copy, continue and create	patterns with relation to a	
		repeating patterns using shapes, objects or	variety of content (e.g. outfits, colours,	
		pictures	numbers)?	
MAe-9MG	describes and compares	•make and sort long and short	Does the student describe	*
	lengths and distances	constructions from concrete materials	an <mark>d co</mark> mpare lengths	*
	using everyday language	use everyday language to describe	using everyday language	
		length, eg long, short, high, tall, low	(eg long, short, high, tall,	
		compare lengths directly by placing	low)	
		objects side-by-side and aligning the ends		
		objects side by side and angining the chas	01	
MAe-13MG	sequences events, uses	Use terms such as 'daytime', 'night-time',	Does the student	€iii
	everyday language to	'yesterday', 'today', 'tomorrow', 'before',	sequence the order in	
	describe the durations of events, and reads	'after', 'next', 'morning' and 'afternoon'	which an activity will occur? (e.g. dressing)	
	hour time on clocks	Sequence events in time Name and order the days of the week	Does the student describe	
		Relate events to a particular day or time	how long and event will	
		of day, eg 'Assembly is on Tuesday'	take in everyday language	
		Tell time on the hour on analog and	(eg it will take me longer	
		digital clocks	to put on my socks than to	
			put on my hat) Does the student	
		V. 6	recognise the hour time	
		10.00	that they normally dress	
			for school?	
MAe-14MG	manipulates, sorts and	•describe the features of familiar three-	Does the student	€ ¥
	represents three-	dimensional objects, such as local	manipulate, sort and	
	dimensional objects and		represent a range of	

Page 4 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

	describes them using everyday language	landmarks including Aboriginal landmarks, using everyday language, eg flat, round •sort three-dimensional objects and explain the attributes used to sort them, eg colour, size, shape, function • manipulate and describe a variety of objects found in the environment • make models using a variety of three-dimensional objects and describe the models	different three- dimensional objects (e.g. items found in a wardrobe) and describe them using everyday language.	
MAe-15MG	manipulates, sorts and describes representations of two-dimensional shapes, including circles, triangles, squares and rectangles, using everyday language	Identify, represent and name circles, triangles, squares and rectangles presented in different orientations Sort two-dimensional shapes according to features such as size and shape Draw a two-dimensional shape by tracing around one face of a three-dimensional object Identify and draw straight and curved lines	Does the student sort two-dimensional shapes? Does the student manipulate two- dimensional shapes? (use 2D shapes to create items for the wardrobe, create clothing items using 2D shapes)	
MAe-16MG	describes position and gives and follows simple directions using everyday language	Give and follow simple directions to position an object or themselves Describe the position of an object in relation to themselves using everyday language, such as 'between', 'next to', 'behind' or 'inside' Describe the positions of objects in relation to themselves using the terms 'left' and 'right	Does the student use everyday language to explore the position of objects? (Where is the wardrobe in a house? What is the layout of the wardrobe?	
MAe-17SP	represents data and interprets data displays made from objects	Answer yes/no questions to collect information Organise objects into simple data displays and interpret the displays	Does the student use simple classification to create data displays made from simple objects (eg simple table classifying clothing based on colour, shape, size)	40

Page 5 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

Subject Specific Requirements:	<u> </u>	
KLA	Requirements	Details
Mathematics	N/A	N/A

earning Across the Curriculum Codes:						
The cross-curriculum priorities are:	The general capabilities are:	Areas of Importance:				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander histories and	Critical and creative thinking					
cultures 🦑	Ethical understanding 4					
Asia and Australia's engagement with Asia	Literacy	Civics and citizenship				
Sustainability 🐈	Intercultural understanding @					
	Information and communication technology	Difference and diversity #				
	capability -					
	Numeracy 🗐	Work and enterprise				
	Personal and social capability	·				

Stage One Key Enquiry Questions: Outcomes Content **Key Guiding Question Learning Across Activity Bank** (think about ALL abilities) (on old syllabus this is learn to and learn about) Curriculum **Codes** Does the student effectively use a range of MA1-Refer to content listed below under each outcome Refer to codes Counting and sorting describes mathematical 1WM communication to communicate about a range listed below items of clothing situations and methods of mathematical concepts? under each Categorising clothing using everyday and some outcome Identifying shapes mathematical language, Identifying quantities and actions, materials, portions of clothing diagrams and symbols Identifying lengths -MA1-Does the student effectively use materials such short/long sleeve uses objects, diagrams 2WM as objects, diagrams or technology to explore Identifying when you and technology to mathematical problems? whee each outfit explore mathematical Shopping for my problems wardrobe - Students are MA1encouraged to make lists supports conclusions by 3WM Does the student use materials to communicate of items they need for explaining or reasoning?

Page 6 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

MA1- 4NA	demonstrating how answers were obtained applies place value, informally, to count, order, read and represent two- and three-digit numbers	- count forwards and backwards by ones from a given two-digit number -identify the number before and after a given two-digit number -represent two-digit numbers using objects, pictures, words and numerals -solve simple everyday problems with two-digit numbers	Does the student use informal methods to accurately count, order and represent up to 3-digit numbers?	e ***	their wardrobe and take trips to local shopping centres to purchase these items. • Decorating my wardrobe - Students are given opportunities to decorate the class wardrobe using various 2D/3D shapes.
MA1- 5NA	uses a range of strategies and informal recording methods for addition and subtraction involving one- and two-digit numbers	-use the terms 'add', 'plus', 'equals', 'is equal to', 'take away', 'minus' and the 'difference between' -use concrete materials to model addition and subtraction problems involving one- and two-digit numbers	Does the student participate in 1 or 2-digit addition and subtraction tasks? Does the student participate in money handling tasks? Does the student use a range of money to purchase clothing materials? (e.g. hats, shirts, bracelets)	6	
MA1- 6NA	uses a range of mental strategies and concrete materials for multiplication and division	-Skip count by twos, fives and tens starting from zero -Model and use equal groups of objects as a strategy for multiplication -Recognise and represent division as grouping into equal sets	Can the student use a range of strategies and materials to represent and solve grouping (multiplication) and sharing (dividing) problems?	•	
MA1- 7NA	represents and models halves, quarters and eighths	-Recognise and describe one-half as one of two equal parts of a whole -use concrete materials to model half of a whole object -record two equal parts of whole objects and shapes, and the relationship of the parts to the whole, using pictures and the fraction notation for half	Does the student represent halves and quarters? (divide an item of clothing into half or a quarter, is the stunt half dressed with only a shirt on?)	*	
MA1- 8NA	Creates, represents and continues a variety of patterns with numbers and objects	-use objects to represent counting patterns -recognise, copy and continue patterns with objects or symbols	Does the student record a variety of patterns with relation to a variety of content (e.g. outfits, colours, numbers)?	n/a	
MA1- 9MG	measures, records, compares and estimates lengths and distances using uniform informal units, metres and centimetres	-use uniform informal units to measure lengths and distances by placing the units end-to-end without gaps or overlaps -relate the term 'length' to the longest dimension when referring to an object	Does the student measure, record and compare lengths using informal units of measurement? Does the student measure, record and compare lengths using centimetres and metres?	*	

Page 7 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

MA1- 13MG	describes, compares and orders durations of events, and reads halfand quarter-hour time	-describe the environmental characteristics of each season -solve simple everyday problems about time and duration -manipulate and describe familiar three-	Does the student record the time in which an activity will commence? (e.g. dressing) Does the student order the event of getting ready in a sequence? (e.g. dressing) Does the student read hourly, half past and quarter past time on a clock? Does the student identify and sort a range of	***
14MG	represents and recognises familiar three-dimensional objects, including cones, cubes, cylinders, spheres and prisms	dimensional objects, including cones, cubes, cylinders, spheres and prisms	different three-dimensional objects? (e.g. items found in a wardrobe)	
MA1- 15MG	manipulates, sorts, represents, describes and explores two- dimensional shapes, including quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons and octagons	-identify vertical and horizontal lines in pictures and the environment and use the terms 'vertical' and 'horizontal' to describe such lines -manipulate, compare and describe features of two-dimensional shapes, including triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons and octagons -sort two-dimensional shapes by a given attribute, eg by the number of sides or vertices	Does the student sort two-dimensional shapes? Does the student manipulate two-dimensional shapes? (use 2D shapes to create items for the wardrobe, create clothing items using 2D shapes)	
MA1- 16MG	represents and describes the positions of objects in everyday situations and on maps	-use the terms 'left' and 'right' to describe the positions of objects in relation to themselves and from the perspective of a person facing in the opposite direction -interpret simple maps by identifying objects in different locations -make simple models from memory, photographs, drawings or descriptions	Does the student use a map to explore the position of objects? (Where is the wardrobe in a house? What is the layout of the wardrobe? Map to the local shops to buy clothes for your wardrobe.)	
MA1- 17SP	gathers and organises data, displays data in lists, tables and picture graphs, and interprets the results	-gather data and track what has been counted by using concrete materials, tally marks, words or symbols -use concrete materials or pictures of objects as symbols to create data displays where one object or picture represents one data value (one-to-one correspondence), eg use different-coloured blocks to represent different-coloured cars -collect data on familiar topics through questioning	Does the student use formal classification (lists, tables, picture graphs) to record objects or items? (e.g. clothes in the wardrobe, shoes, coloured shirts etc.)	
MA1- 18SP	recognises and describes the element of chance in everyday events	-Identify outcomes of familiar events involving chance and describe them using everyday language, such as 'will happen', 'won't happen' or 'might happen'	Does the student use terms such as 'will happen, won't happen and might happen' in order to describe everyday events? (choose appropriate clothing in terms of the chance of the weather)	

Page 8 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

-use everyday language to describe the possible outcomes of familiar activities and events, eg 'v happen', 'might happen', 'won't happen', 'prob.	will / / // // // // // // // // // // //
recognise and describe the element of chance i activities and events, eg 'I might play with my fi after school'	in familiar

Subject Specific Requirements:

KLA	Requirements	Details
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earning Across the Curriculum Codes:						
The cross-curriculum priorities are:	The general capabilities are:	Areas of Importance:				
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander histories and	Critical and creative thinking					
cultures 🖑	Ethical understanding 4	-				
Asia and Australia's engagement with Asia	Literacy 🕏	Civics and citizenship				
Sustainability *	Intercultural understanding					
	Information and communication technology	Difference and diversity 🔻				
	capability -					
	Numeracy 🗐	Work and enterprise *				
	Personal and social capability					

Outcome and Goals

	Outcomes	Early Stage One Learning Goals	Students
MAe-1WM	describes mathematical situations using	Describe the position of an object in relation to themselves using everyday mathematical	
MAE-144141	everyday language, actions, materials and	language, such as 'between', 'next to', 'behind' or 'inside'	
MAe-1WM	informal recordings	Communicates about the activities in her day with reference to the schedule.	
N4A o 2\\\\A	uses objects, actions, technology and/or trial	Uses drawn objects such as tally marks to assist with data collection and to solve	
MAe-2WM	and error to explore mathematical problems	mathematical problems e.g. What video is the most popular?	

MAE-3WM	uses concrete materials and/or pictorial representations to support conclusions	Uses drawings or pictures to represent mathematical problems e.g. draws three lollies plus two lollies = five lollies	
MAE-3WM	''	Uses images to communicate how a mathematical solution is reached when the solution	
MAE-3WM		is presented as a visual binary choice, for example trial and error method. Uses concrete materials appropriately in order to solve mathematical problems e.g. represents addition problems with real objects	
MAe-4NA	counts to 30, and orders, reads and represents	Counts and understands quantity using 1:1 correspondence for numbers up to 30	
MAe-4NA	numbers in the range 0 to 20	Represents two-digit numbers using objects, pictures, words and numerals	
MAe-4NA	_	Recognises numbers 1-10 when presented in and out of order.	
MAe-4NA		Recognises numbers 1-20 when presented in and out of order.	
MAe-4NA		Writes numbers 1 to 30	
MAe-5NA	combines, separates and compares collections	Correctly identifies coin or note to template	
MAe-5NA	of objects, describes using everyday language,	Uses an Opal card appropriately to access bus trips.	
MAe-5NA	and records using informal methods	Selects appropriate denominations using a mixture of coins and notes in order to purchase an item	
MAe-7NA	describes two equal parts as halves	Shares an object by dividing it into two equal parts, e.g. cutting a piece of ribbon into halves	
MAe-7NA		Shares an object by dividing it into two and four equal parts, e.g. cutting a piece of ribbon into halves or quarters	
MAe-8NA	recognises, describes and continues repeating patterns	Recognise, copy, continue and create repeating patterns of 2 items (shapes, objects or pictures)	
MAe-8NA		Recognise, copy, continue and create repeating patterns of 3 items (shapes, objects or pictures)	
MAe-8NA		Recognise, copy, continue and create repeating patterns of 4 items (shapes, objects or pictures)	
MAe- 15MG	manipulates, sorts and describes representations of two-dimensional shapes,	Sorts familiar two dimensional shapes (squares, circles and triangles)	
MAe- 15MG	including circles, triangles, squares and rectangles, using everyday language	Sorts familiar two dimensional shapes (squares, circles, rectangles and triangles)	
MAe- 15MG		Identifies a traffic light is constructed from three circles	
MAe-17SP	represents data and interprets data displays made from objects	Groups objects according to characteristics to form a simple data display	
Outcomes:		Stage One Learning Goals	Students
MA1-1WM	describes mathematical situations and methods using everyday and some	Writes mathematical symbols (plus, minus and equals)	

Page 10 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

	mathematical language, actions, materials, diagrams and symbols		
MA1-2WM	uses objects, diagrams and technology to explore mathematical problems	Uses diagrams such as tally marks to assist with data collection and to solve mathematical problems e.g. What video is the most popular?	
MA1-3WM	supports conclusions by explaining or demonstrating how answers were obtained	Documents how they came to a conclusion including trial and error e.g. what worked and what didn't	
MA1-4NA	applies place value, informally, to count, order,	Identify the number before and after a given two-digit number	
MA1-4NA	read and represent two- and three-digit numbers	Reads and recognises 3 digit numbers	
MA1-5NA	Recognise that five dollars can be made using different denominations. e.g. Five dollars can be made using a single note or a mix of coins		
MA1-5NA	subtraction involving one- and two-digit numbers	Uses concrete and/or visual materials to represent 2 digit to 1 digit addition problems e.g. 13 red cars and 2 blue cars = 15 cars	
MA1-7NA	represents and models halves, quarters and eighths	Uses concrete materials to model a half and a quarter of a whole object	
MA1-8NA	Creates, represents and continues a variety of patterns with numbers and objects	Recognise, copy and continue patterns using 3 objects or symbols	
MA1- 15MG	manipulates, sorts, represents, describes and explores two-dimensional shapes, including quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons and octagons	Identify and name shapes embedded in pictures, designs and the environment	
MA1-17SP	gathers and organises data, displays data in lists, tables and picture graphs, and interprets the results	Use concrete materials or pictures of objects as symbols to create data displays where one object or picture represents one data value	
MA1-18SP	recognises and describes the element of chance in everyday events	Use terminology 'will happen' and 'won't happen' to describe the possible outcomes of familiar activities and events	

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Assessment

As	Assessment Overview – Semester 1 Only Units of Work							
Assessment Timeline – Add Hyperlink								
Term	Term 1 + 2 Pedagogy Timetable- Hyperlink to Timetable							
Pre-Assessment	Progressive	Post						
Term 1 – Weeks 1-5	Term 1 – Weeks 610	Term 2 – Week 9-10						
Pre-assessment and learning goal development.	Term 2 – Weeks 1-8	To be carried out at least twice and can be						
		performed via one or more of the following forms:						
Pre-assessment can be performed via one or	To be ca <mark>rried out at least twice and can b</mark> e	Anecdotal observations						
more of the following forms:	performed via one or more of the following forms:	Checklists						
Anecdotal observations	Anecdotal observations	Task analysis checklists						
Checklists	Checklists	Work samples						
Task analysis checklists	Task analysis checklists	Photo						
Work samples	Work samples	Videos						
Photos	Photo							
• Videos	• Videos	Assessment to be carried out by the class team (teachers, therapists and educators)						
Assessment to be carried out by the class team	Assessment to be carried out by the class team							
(teachers, therapists and educators)	(teachers, therapists and educators)	Assessments to then be summarised in the following reports						
		Term 2 – Week 9 Semester 1 IP and Curriculum Report						

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			M	aths- Links to Assessment D	ocuments		
Pre-	Student Pre-Assessment						
Assessment	Add Hyperl			nk to Pre Assessment documen	rt		ļ
							Į
							Į
Due sure estre	0414			I	T	Anna datal Obsassinations	
Progressive Assessment	Student Initial	Work Samples		Photos	Video	Anecdotal Observations	
		Add Hyperlink to do		A <mark>dd Hyperlink to</mark> document	Add Hyperlink to document	Add Hyperlink to docur	ment
				/ 5 5			
-							1
Post Assessment	Student		Semester 1 IP and Curriculum Report / Semester 2 IP and Curriculum Report				
Assessment	Add Hyp	perlink to document	Add Hyperlii	erlink to Report documents			
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				A ASS			

Page 13 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

Teaching and Learning Sequence

This table outlines the teaching and learning sequence across the course of the program and dictates the focus area for all weeks. This process allows for easier planning and a more condensed view of the scope of the program and the delivery of content specific each student's learning goals.

Term 1	Week 1-2	Week 3-4	Week 5-6	Week 7-9	Week 10-11
Focus/ Content	Pre-assessment and Introduction to the unit	Number Re <mark>cognitio</mark> n	Patterns	Formative assessment Positioning	Money
	Fine motor Dressing activities	Fine motor Dressing activities	Clothes Hangers		
Term 2	Week 1-2	Week 3-4	Week 5-6	Week 7-8	Week 9-10
Focus/ Content	Sharing/Division	2D Shapes	D ata	Summative Assessment Addition	Summative Assessment Chance
	Week 1 – Craft Week 2 - Movement	Week 3 – Craft Week 4 - Movement	Week 5 – Craft Week 6 - Movement	Week 7 – Craft Week 8 - Movement	Week 9 – Craft Week 10 - Movement

Term	Week	Focus	Content	Teaching and Learning Sequence (including differentiation – This will be written in RED) All Adjustments due to Evaluations will be highlighted in PINK	Resources	Completed (insert √, date and initial)
1	1-2	Introduction and Pre-assessment	Count forwards to 30 from a given number • Record grouping and sharing using informal methods	My Wardrobe Lesson (Thursday 11:40-12:30pm) Introduction - Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and videos - Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe - Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the PowerPoint Presentation.	PowerPoint\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk1- 2- Wattle T1 2018.pptx Individual schedules Printed Wardrobe songs page Pens/pencils	

Page 14 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

1	3-4	Number	•sort three-dimensional objects and explain the attributes used to sort them, eg colour, size, shape, function •Sort two-dimensional shapes according to features such as size and shape	Body My Wardrobe/Maths video- Student's vote using a tally system for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout of the slide on their desk in order to also record the tally system as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items, verbally labelling objects. - Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat. The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson. Then they swap until both groups have completed both activities. - Maths Lesson: - Sorting Clothing Students sort clothing into categories including: - T-shirts - Shorts - Pants - Jumpers - Counting Clothing - Students use 1:1 correspondence to count how many pieces of clothing - Differentiation - 1 digit – student initial - 2 digit – student initial - Dressing Fine Motor Activity: Students have a choice of various equipment (foam dress up dolls, wooden dress up dolls, zippers, buttons and clasp boards. Conclusion - Students pack away materials and return to the meeting area Refer to the schedule to see what is next Pre-assessment — Take anecdotal observations on students starting levels of performance, skills and knowledge. My Wardrobe Lesson (Thursday 11:40-12:30pm)	Counting Clothing 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 PowerPoint
		Counting	forwards to 30 from a	Introduction	\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk3- 4- Wattle T1 2018.pptx

Page 15 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

	givon		Chindonto mathematicathe magazina	
4.4	given number	-	Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and	
1:1	• Record		videos	Individual schedules
correspondence	grouping and	-	Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule	Printed Wardrobe songs page
	sharing using		and infor <mark>min</mark> g th <mark>em that it is time</mark> for <mark>My Ward</mark> robe	Pens/pencils
2 digit numbers	informal	-	Go t <mark>hrough the lesson components on</mark> th <mark>e s</mark> econd slide of the	Glue
	methods		PowerPoint Presentation.	
	•sort three-			wardrobe songs
	dimensional	Body		shirt
	objects and		My Wardrobe/Maths video-Students vote using a tally system	
	explain the		for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout of the	Let's get
	attributes		slide o <mark>n their desk in order to also rec</mark> or <mark>d the tal</mark> ly system as a	Dressed!
	used to sort		form <mark>of data collection. Watch a video o</mark> n wa <mark>rdro</mark> be items,	Adjusted ^
	them,		verbally labelling objects.	- Taylorda
	eg colour,		Adjustment – Added a section to the video slide in order for	Harry's raincoat PowerPoint
	size, shape,		(student initial) to understand where to tally the votes.	·
	function •Sort two-	-	Sorting Clothing Students sort clothing into categories including:	.\\.\PDHPE\ADLs\Resources\Lesson\Harry's New Raincoat - Wattle 2018.ppt
	dimensional		■ T-shirts	
	shapes		■ Shorts	Props
	according to		Pants	Umbrella, raincoat, gumboots, shirt,
	features		Jumpers	pants, socks, beanie, jacket
	such as size	_	Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	and shape		and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat.	Templates – In PowerPoint
	•		The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson.	Templates in tower one
			Then they swap until both groups have completed both	
			activities.	0000
				0 0 0 0
			Small group Maths Lesson:	0 0 0 0 0
		Group 1		
		-	Counting out picture of jelly beans up to 2 digit by gluing them	- Adjusted
			onto worksheet	
			Adjustment – had the blank jelly beans which IG had to colour in	
			in order to count	1 2 1 4 5
		-	Counting out shirts on a washing line up to 10 by gluing onto	
			worksheet	6 7 8 9 10
		-	Counting out how many shirts on a clothes line (number up to 30	Order numbers 1-10
		Group 2		
		_	Ordering number 1-10 using pink shirts with numbers 1-10 on	Pegs and Clothes lines
			the front	. 505 3.13 5.531165 111165

Page 16 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

				 Building a calendar and adding the date numerals 1-31 Adding the missing dates on a calendar (the before and after date) Peg Game- Students are given a number and colour and have to select the correct number and colour of pegs to put on the washing line Dressing Fine Motor Activity: Students have a choice of various equipment (foam dress up dolls, wooden dress up dolls, zippers, buttons and clasp boards. Conclusion Students pack away materials and return to the meeting area Refer to the schedule to see what is next 	
1	5-6	Number Counting Patterns	•Recognise, copy and continue repeating patterns using sounds and/or actions	Introduction - Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and videos - Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe - Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the PowerPoint Presentation.	PowerPoint\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk5-6 Wattle T1 2018.pptx Individual schedules Printed Wardrobe songs page Pens/pencils Glue
			•Recognise, copy, continue and create repeating patterns using shapes, objects or pictures	My Wardrobe/Pattern videos- Students vote using a tally system for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout of the slide on their desk in order to also record the tally system as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items, verbally labelling objects. - Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat. The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson. Then they swap until both groups have completed both activities. - Small group Maths Lesson: Shape Patterns - Students copy and continue simple patterns using pieces of clothing	You Tube Pattern videos http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vqztH4SPMGEQ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VGNOokz.M http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QBPA98cH94U Harry's raincoat PowerPoint\PDHPE\ADLs\Resources\Lesson\Harry's New Raincoat - Wattle 2018.ppt Props Umbrella, raincoat, gumboots, shirt, pants, socks, beanie, jacket Templates — In PowerPoint

Page 17 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

				Differentiation Group 1 - (student initial) Copy and continue 3 shapes (ABC) - (student initial) Copy and continue 2 shapes (AB) - (student initial) Copy and continue 2 shapes (AB) Group 2 - (student initial) Copy and continue 2 shapes (AB) - (student initial) Copy and continue 4 shapes (ABCD) - (student initial) Copy and continue 3 shapes (ABCD) - (student initial) Copy and continue 3 shapes (ABC) - Create your own Jumper! - Students select two, three and four pictures in order to create a simple shape pattern design on a jumper - Sorting and Clothes Hangers - Students help to pack away clothes used during lesson by hanging them on clothes hangers and placing them into the classroom wardrobe next to the correct visual signs Conclusion - Students pack away materials and return to the meeting area - Refer to the schedule to see what is next	Example Jumper Design 6 x A3 pictures of Jumpers Various shapes and pictures to be used in a pattern Clothes hangers Wardrobe with visual signs for clothing types
1	7-9	Position	use the terms 'left' and 'right' to describe the positions of objects in relation to themselves and from the perspective of a person facing in the opposite direction -interpret simple maps by	Introduction - Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and videos - Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe - Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the PowerPoint Presentation. Body My Wardrobe/Position videos- Students vote using a tally system for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout of the slide on their desk in order to also record the tally system as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items, verbally labelling objects. - Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat.	Powerpoint\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk7- 9 Wattle T1 2018.pptx Position YouTube Choices: Hiding Mr Cheese: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xyMrLQ4ZI-4 Where is the Monkey?: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=idJYhjGyWTU Where Is It?: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8F0NYBBKczM On In Under By: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DHb4-CCif7U

Page 18 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

identifying	The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson.	WHERE'S
objects in	Then they swap until both g <mark>ro</mark> ups have completed both	WALLY?
different	activities.	
locations	- <u>Small group Maths Lesson:</u>	
and the second	 Adult read Where's Wally and students name/label each 	
-make simple	character (Wally, Wenda, Odlaw, Wizard and Woof)	
models from	- What is wally wearing? – students circle the correct picture of	
memory,	wally/wenda in striped shirt	
photographs,	- Hiding Under the Sea: staff take turns to read out sentences	\Resources\Worksheets and
drawings or	describing the position of Wally and Friends and model clicking	Activities\Prepositions - Where's
descriptions	on the character hidden in the picture. For example Woof is	Wally.pptx
	under the shark, Wenda is between the jellyfish and Wizard is	wany.pptx
	behind the seaweed.	Bingo PowerPoint
	- In the Jungle: staff read out sentences describing the position of	Bingo Bases and Cards(found at end of
	Wally and Friends and students take turns to find the character	Bingo PowerPoint)
	in the jungle and click on them hidden to make them move	biligo PowerPollit)
		Drives developments delegants and
	- Wally Preposition Bingo: With visual prompts and adult	Printed and laminated characters
	modelling taking off each bingo card out the front. Pictures and	<u>Velcro Sentence Strips</u>
	text on each card – next to, above, below, over, under, between,	
	beside, inside, behind, on, in	<u>Worksheets</u>
	- <u>Worksheet</u> Week 1: text to picture match 'Hiding Under the Sea'	Glue and scissors
	scene snapshots of each character with positional term to match	
	Week 2: text to picture match 'In The Jungle' scene snapshots of	Harry's raincoat PowerPoint
	each character with positional term to match	\\\PDHPE\ADLs\Resources\Lesson\Harry's New Raincoat -
	Differentiation	Wattle 2018.ppt
	Group 1	Drong
	- (student initial) Text to picture match	Props
	- (student initial) Text to text match	Umbrella, raincoat, gumboots, shirt,
	- (student initial) Text to text match	pants, socks, beanie, jacket
	Group 2	
	- (student initial) Text to text match	
	- (student initial) – Text to picture match	
	- (student initial) – Text to picture match	
	- Movement Activity – Where's Wally in the Courtyard: An adult	
	hides one of the characters in the room and creates Velcro	

Page 19 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

				sentences to describe their location. Students help play hide and seek by reading the sentences to find each character Conclusion - Students pack away materials and return to the meeting area - Refer to the schedule to see what is next	
1	10-11	Money	Use the language of money in everyday contexts, eg coins, notes, cents, dollars Recognise that there are different	My Wardrobe Lesson Introduction - Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and videos - Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe - Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the PowerPoint Presentation. Body	Powerpoint\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk10-11 Wattle T1 2018.pptx Money YouTube Choices: V:\K-6\New NSW Syllabus\Mathematics\Money\Resources\Lesson\money youtube choice.pptx
			coins and notes in our monetary system Exchange money for goods in a play situation	My Wardrobe/Money videos- for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout of the slide on their desk in order to also record the tally system as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items, verbally labelling objects. - Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat. The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson. Then they swap until both groups have completed both activities. - Small group Maths Lesson: - Money Bingo: Students have bingo cards and take off each coin/note as it appears on the board Differentiation: Initially just numerals will show (e.g. \$1.00 or 5c) and then after students have had opportunity actual picture of coin will show to prompt those who were unable to find it with just the numerals In Class Practical Shopping Experience — Set up a pretend show with items and provide each student with an assortment of coins that add up to \$10. Students can use their money to pay	Money Bingo\Resources\Worksheets and Activities\Bingo money - match notation to coin or dollar.ppt Pretend shop choice board

Page 20 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

				for certain items. Alter the prices in order to suits individual goals. Differentiation Group 1 - (student initial) Uses a mixture of coins and notes - (student initial) Uses \$1 coins and matches note and coin to template - (student initial) — Uses \$1 coins and matches note and coin to template Group 2 - (student initial) — Uses \$1 coins and matches note and coin to template - (student initial) — Uses a mixture of coins and notes - (student initial) — uses coins to buy an item for \$5 - Movement Activity — Where's the Gold: Hide pretend money around the classroom, \$1 and \$2 dollar coins at the end bring the students back together and add up the coins to find out who is the richest! Conclusion - Students pack away materials and return to the meeting area - Refer to the schedule to see what is next	Worksheets Glue and scissors Laminated coins (\$1 and \$2) Real money Harry's raincoat PowerPoint
2	1-2	Division	• share an	My Wardrobe Lesson	PowerPoint\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk1-
		Sharing	object by dividing it	Introduction - Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and	2- Wattle T2 2018.pptx
		Sharing	into two	videos	2 Wattle 12 2010.ppt/
			equal parts	 Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule 	Individual schedules
			•recognises	and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe	Printed Wardrobe songs page
			that halves	- Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the	Pens/pencils
			are two	PowerPoint Presentation.	
			equal parts	The state of the s	Sensory Supports
			• use the	Body	Communication Supports

Page 21 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

term 'half' My Wardrobe/Fraction videos-Students vote using a tally system for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout accurately Worksheets – In powerpoint above in everyday of the slide on their desk in order to also record the tally system situations as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items, verbally labelling objects. Videos – Ernie's half eaten sandwich https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bo_svGP-iO4 Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat. Fruit from student lunch boxes The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson. Then they swap until both groups have completed both Half pictures of objects activities. Small group Maths Lesson: Fruit Tasting - Students each select a piece from their lunchbox and decide if they are going to share or divide it into halves or quarters and then cut up their fruit. Some students may need hand over hand support (student initial) Split pieces of clothes: Students have big A4 pictures of various clothes which they need to use their scissors to cut into halves and guarters and glue onto the large A3 sheets with titles (half, quarter and whole) Worksheets – Students glue the correct label underneath images of halves and quarters Differentiation Group 1 Example CRAFT (student initial) Halves (student initial) - Halves (student initial) - Halves Group 2 (student initial) -Halves (student initial) - Halves and Quarters (student initial) - Halves and Quarters Craft Activity – What's my other half: Students choose a picture, cut it in half, glue it onto white paper and draw the other half Harry's raincoat PowerPoint ..\..\PDHPE\ADLs\Resources\Lesson\Harry's New Raincoat -Wattle 2018.ppt Conclusion Students pack away materials and return to the meeting area **Props**

				- Refer to the schedule to see what is next		Umbrella, raincoat, gumboots, shirt,
					The state of the s	pants, socks, beanie, jacket
						parito, social, acarric, juonet
2	3-4	2D Shapes	-manipulate	My War	drobe Lesson	PowerPoint
			and describe	Introdu		\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk3-
		3D Shapes	familiar three-	-	Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and	4- Wattle T2 2018.pptx
			dimensional objects,		videos	
			including	_	Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule	Individual schedules
			cones, cubes,		and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe	Printed Wardrobe songs page
			cylinders,	_	Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the	Pens/pencils
			spheres and prisms		PowerPoint Presentation.	
			identify			Sensory Supports
			vertical and	Body		Communication Supports
			horizontal lines in		My Wardrobe/2D + 3D Shapes videos- Students vote using a tally	''
			pictures and		system for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout	
			the		of the slide on thei <mark>r d</mark> esk in order to also record the tally system	Name Sort the objects by shape.
			environment		as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items,	cube square square
			and use the terms 'vertical'		verbally labelling objects.	
			and	-	Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe	
			'horizontal' to		and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat.	
			describe such		The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson.	
			lines -manipulate,		Then they swap until both groups have completed both	
			compare and		activities.	
			describe	-	Small group Maths Lesson: 2D & 3D Sorting game	
			features of	-	Teacher to model playing the 2D and 3D sorting game on the	Harry's raincoat PowerPoint
			two- dimensional		IWB https://www.education.com/game/2d-3d-shapes/ Students	.\\.\PDHPE\ADLs\Resources\Lesson\Harry's New Raincoat -
			shapes,		then take turns playing the game.	Wattle 2018.ppt
			including	-	3D shape exploration	
			triangles,	-	W3: Teacher to hide various 3D shapes around the classroom.	<u>Props</u>
			quadrilaterals, pentagons,		Students are asked to find the shapes and collect them onto a	Umbrella, raincoat, gumboots, shirt,
			hexagons and		table at the front of the classroom. Teacher then runs through	pants, socks, beanie, jacket
			octagons		PowerPoint with image of shape and shape name. The real	
			-sort two-		object is then passed along the students for them to see and	
			dimensional shapes by a		feel.	
			given	-	W4 Touch and Feel: students put their hands into a handbag,	
			attribute, eg		touch, and feel a range of different 3D objects. Students guess	

Page 23 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

			by the number of sides or vertices	what object they are feeling. Students then match objects to a visual - Worksheet – Students glue various 2D and 3D shapes into the correct position or column. - Differentiation Group 1 - (student initial) - Sorts triangles, squares and circles - (student initial) - Sorts triangles, squares and circles - (student initial) - Sorts triangles, squares and circles Group 2 - (student initial) - Sorts triangles, squares and circles - (student initial) - Sorts triangles, squares, rectangle and circles - (student initial) - identifying various 2D shapes in a picture Movement Activity - Roll the ball: students sit in a circle with legs open forming a large star. Students roll the ball to each other. Conclusion - Students pack away materials and return to the meeting area - Refer to the schedule to see what is next	
2	5-6	Data	• Record grouping and sharing using informal methods	Introduction - Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and videos - Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe - Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the PowerPoint Presentation. Body My Wardrobe/Data videos- Students vote using a tally system for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout of the slide on their desk in order to also record the tally system as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items, verbally labelling objects. - Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat.	PowerPoint\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk5- 6- Wattle T2 2018.pptx Individual schedules Printed Wardrobe songs page Pens/pencils Sensory Supports Communication Supports Harry's raincoat PowerPoint\.\.\PDHPE\ADLs\Resources\Lesson\Harry's New Raincoat - Wattle 2018.ppt Props

Page 24 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

				The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson. Then they swap until both groups have completed both activities. - Small group Maths Lesson: - Long-sleeved and short-sleeved - Teacher leads students in counting how many students are wearing short-sleeved shirts, long sleeved shirt, pants and shorts. Teacher to then create a column graph on the IWB Worksheet – Students create their own column graph - Students glue or Velcro counted clothing categories into columns to create simple graphs - Differentiation Group 1 - (student initial) - 2 data categories (e.g. shirts and pants) - (student initial) - 2 data categories (e.g. shirts and pants) Group 2 - (student initial) - 2 data categories (e.g. shirts and pants) - (student initial) - 4 data categories (e.g. shirts, shorts, jumpers and pants) - (student initial) - 4 data categories (e.g. shirts, shorts, jumpers and pants) - AL - 4 data categories (e.g. shirts, shorts, jumpers and pants) - Questions about Graphs - Students answer simple questions about their made graph - Which type of clothing has the most? - Which type of clothing has the least? - How many t-shirts on your graph? - Water beads: Sort by colour, combine four different coloured water beads in a container and get the students to separate them. Conclusion	Umbrella, raincoat, gumboots, shirt, pants, socks, beanie, jacket 4 3 2 1 shorts 1-shirts jumper ponts
				water beads in a container and get the students to separate	
2	7-8	Addition	represent two- digit numbers using objects,	My Wardrobe Lesson Introduction	Powerpoint

Page 25 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

Using concrete pictures, words and objects to numerals represent -solve simple mathematical everyday problems with problems two-digit numbers -use the terms 'add', 'plus', 'equals', 'is equal to', 'take away', 'minus' and the 'difference between' -use concrete materials to model addition and subtraction problems involving oneand two-digit numbers -Model and use equal groups of objects as a strategy for multiplication

- Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and videos
- Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe
- Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the PowerPoint Presentation.

Body

My Wardrobe/Addition videos- Students vote using a tally system for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout of the slide on their desk in order to also record the tally system as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items, verbally labelling objects.

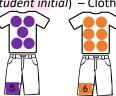
- Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat.
 The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson.
 Then they swap until both groups have completed both activities.
- Small group Maths Lesson:
- Addition Game Students take turns to complete an online game focusing on simple addition using pictures
- Clothing Addition
- Differentiation

Group 1

- (student initial) Clothes addition worksheet (1 digit + 1 digit)
- (student initial) Outfit Number matching worksheet
- (student initial) Clothes addition worksheet (1 digit + 1 digit)

Group 2

- (student initial) Outfit Number matching worksheet
- (student initial) Clothes addition worksheet (1 digit + 1 digit)
- (student initial) Clothes addition worksheet (1 digit + 2 digit)



..\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk7-8- Wattle T2 2018.pptx

Individual schedules
Printed Wardrobe songs page
Pens/pencils

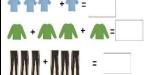
Harry's raincoat PowerPoint

..\..\PDHPE\ADLs\Resources\Lesson\Harry's New Raincoat -Wattle 2018.ppt

Props

Umbrella, raincoat, gumboots, shirt, pants, socks, beanie, jacket

Sensory Supports
Communication Supports



Worksheets

Glue and scissors Plastic Cups with number 1-10 Pom Poms (50)



http://www.abcya.com/addition.htm

				Movement Activity Fill the cup — Place plastic cups in a row with the numbers 1-10 written on then and students are to use the coloured pom poms in order to throw them into the cup, when a cup has the right amount pour it out and check! Conclusion - Students pack away materials and return to the meeting area - Refer to the schedule to see what is next	http://www.abcya.com/math_stack.htm Outfit number matching - V:\K-6\New NSW Syllabus\Mathematics\My Wardrobe\Resources\Worksheets and Activities\outfit number matching.pptx
2	9-10	Chance	-Identify outcomes of familiar events involving chance and describe them using everyday language, such as 'will happen', 'won't happen' or 'might happen' -use everyday language to describe the possible outcomes of familiar activities and events, eg 'will happen', 'might happen', 'might happen', 'won't happen', 'probably' recognise and describe the	Introduction - Students gather in the meeting area with sensory supports and videos - Teacher gains students attention by acknowledging the schedule and informing them that it is time for My Wardrobe - Go through the lesson components on the second slide of the PowerPoint Presentation. Body My Wardrobe/Chance videos-Students vote using a tally system for their choice of four videos. Students have a printout of the slide on their desk in order to also record the tally system as a form of data collection. Watch a video on wardrobe items, verbally labelling objects. - Split Groups: Three students participate in a mixed my Wardrobe and ADLs lesson reading and participating in Harry's raincoat. The other three students complete a small group Maths lesson. Then they swap until both groups have completed both activities. - Small group Maths Lesson: - Chance Game - Students take turns to complete an online game focusing on chance. http://www.scootle.edu.au/ec/viewing/L118/index.html#	Powerpoint\Resources\Lesson\My Wardrobe wk9- 10- Wattle T2 2018.pptx Individual schedules Printed Wardrobe songs page Pens/pencils Sensory Supports Communication Supports Harry's raincoat PowerPoint\\PDHPE\ADIs\Resources\Lesson\Harry's New Raincoat- Wattle 2018.ppt Props Umbrella, raincoat, gumboots, shirt, pants, socks, beanie, jacket Plastic Cups Pom Poms (50) Worksheets In Powerpoint

Page 27 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

element of chance in familiar activities ar events, eg 'might play with my frie after schoo	Group 1 - (student initial) - labels events that 'will happen'	Some things have more chance of happening than others. Some things are certain to Draw or write some things below that you know will happen, won't his. Will Happen
---	--	--

Evaluations (completed twice per term)

Dates: Term 1 Week 4 -22/2/18 Term 1 Week 8- 21/3/18

Feedback: Week 4 Week 8

Page 28 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

Week 3- IG became distressed during the worksheet section and tried to eat the				
glue				
Programming/Outcomes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were teaching and learning experiences effective?				
Were students engaged in the content/theme of the unit?				
Were students engaged for the duration of lessons?				
Did the unit support student development of identified outcomes?				
Did this unit support individual development of learning goals?				Adjust lesson sequence to add extra 1:1 lessons
Teaching strategies	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were teaching strategies effective?				
Were staff consistent in their implementing effective teaching support?				
Differentiating	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were the activities relevant and appropriate to the needs of the individual the students?	47	(student initial) — SPACE FOR TALLY MARKS		
Were individual learning supports effective?				
Assessment	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were there enough opportunities to assess students?	(11)	Adjust activity for (student initial)		
Was there a need to adjust tasks in order to adequately assess students learning?				
Resources	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were all resources/activities prepared and set up before the commencement of a esson?				
Week 3	Week 8			
What was successful? Students really enjoy the variety of four videos to select from and the individualised worksheets	What was successful? Split groups with ADLs means that students have opportunities to access more 1:1 support during maths lessons.			
What would you do differently next time?	What would you do differently next time?			

Page 29 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

(student initial) – Adjust worksheets to be a colouring, pen and pencil or Velcro	Add 1:1 sessions to a Monday in order to work on some large gaps in
style – remove distraction glue	foundation skills (e.g. bigger and smaller)
(student initial) - needed a specific spot in order to place tally marks – adjust video	
slide to include a space.	
Sign-off: Caitlin Millauro	Sign-off: Caitlin Millauro

Dates: Term 2 Week 4 -22/2/18 Term 2 Week 8

Feedback: Week 3- IG became distressed during the worksheet section and tried to eat the glue	V	Veek 4	Week 8	
Programming/Outcomes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were teaching and learning experiences effective?				
Were students engaged in the content/theme of the unit?				
Were students engaged for the duration of lessons?				
Did the unit support student development of identified outcomes?				
Did this unit support individual development of learning goals?				Adjust lesson
				sequence to
				add extra 1:1
				lessons
Teaching strategies	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were teaching strategies effective?				
Were staff consistent in their implementing effective teaching support?				
Differentiating	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were the activities relevant and appropriate to the needs of the individual the		(student initial) –		
students?		SPACE FOR		
		TALLY MARKS		
Were individual learning supports effective?				
Assessment	Yes	No	Yes	No

Page 30 Created by: Caitlin Millauro

Were there enough opportunities to assess students?	1	Adjust activity for (student initial)		
Was there a need to adjust tasks in order to adequately assess students learning?				
Resources	Yes	No	Yes	No
Were all resources/activities prepared and set up before the commencement of a lesson?				
Week 3		Wee	ek 8	
What was successful?	What was successful?			
Students really enjoy the variety of four videos to select from and the individualised worksheets	Split groups with ADLs means that students have opportunities to access more 1:1 support during maths lessons.			
What would you do differently next time?	What would yo	u do differently next	time?	
IG – Adjust worksheets to be a colouring, pen and pencil or Velcro style – remove	Add 1:1 sessions to a Monday in order to work on some large gaps in			
distraction glue	foundation skills (e.g. bigger and smaller)			
EF- needed a specific spot in order to place tally marks – adjust video slide to	8 4			
include a space.				
Sign-off: Caitlin Millauro	Sign-off: Caitlin	Millauro		

Program Approval:

Date	Member of Leadership Team	Signature
10 th March, 2018	Erin Cowie	
		E. Lowe
	V. W // W. /	

Page 31 Created by: Caitlin Millauro